

#### **PROSEPS** WG 4 Advisory role political scientists 2020-2021



#### Desirability of policy advice giving

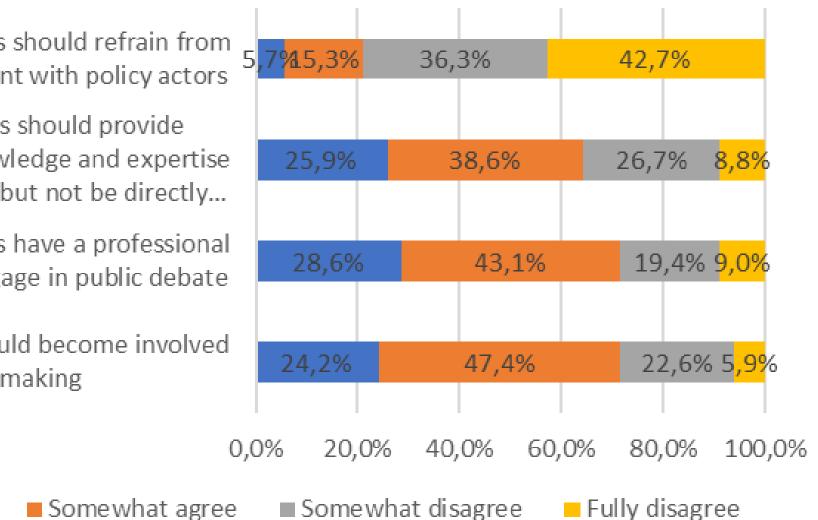
Political scientists should refrain from direct engagement with policy actors

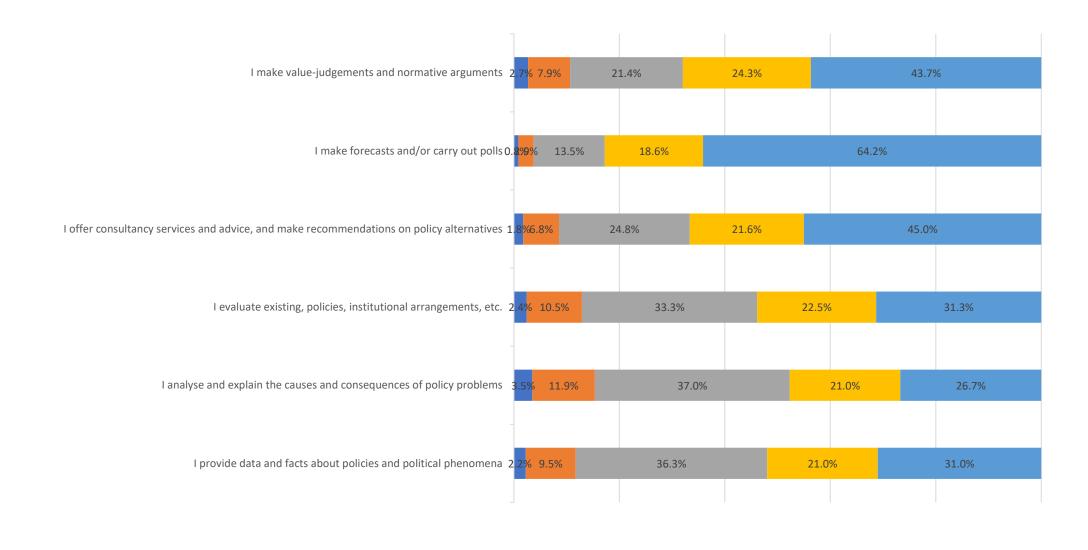
Political scientists should provide evidence-based knowledge and expertise outside academia, but not be directly...

Political scientists have a professional obligation to engage in public debate

Political scientists should become involved in policy making

Fully agree

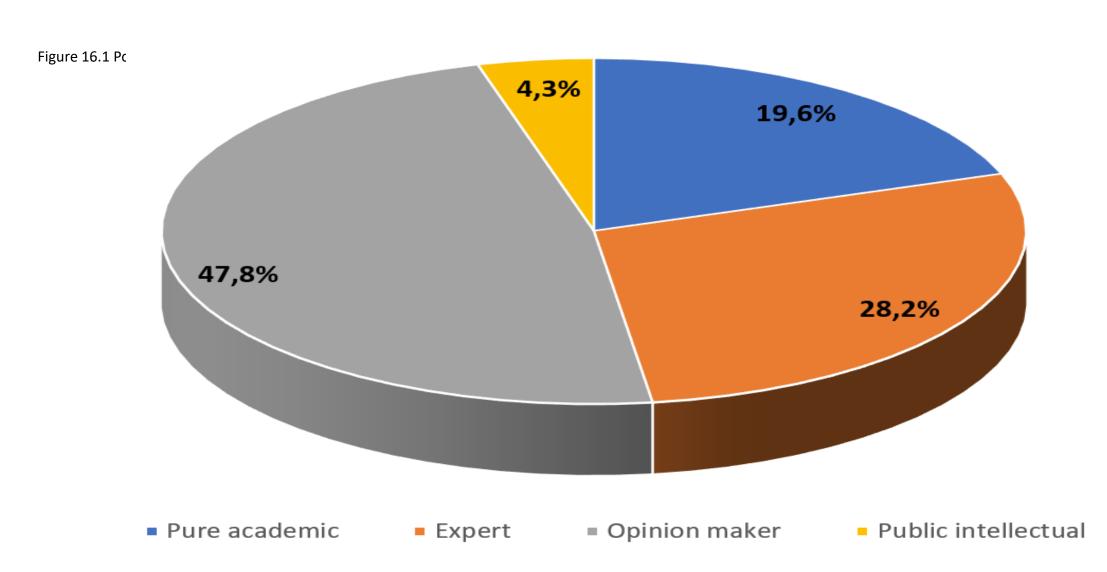




■ At least once a week ■ At least once a month ■ At least once a year ■ Less frequently

Never

# Advisory roles types



# Gender bias in advisory roles

	Female	Male	Prefer not to
			say
Pure academic	38.2%	59.4%	2.4%
Expert	37.1%	60.5%	2.4%
Opinion maker	30.0%	68.2%	1.8%
Public intellectual	22.8%	76.2%	1.0%
Total	33.3%	64.6%	2.1%

# Advising at levels of government

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	Subnational	National	National	International
Albania	28.6	71.4	63.6	36.4
Belgium	44.7	55.3	72.8	27.2
Denmark	27.6	72.4	77.3	22.7
France	41.1	58.9	77.6	22.4
Germany	48.8	51.2	75.8	24.2
Hungary	14.3	85.7	63.6	36.4
Italy	49.6	50.4	71.8	28.2
Norway	32.1	67.9	85.7	14.3
Spain	58.9	41.1	78.5	21.5
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Netherlands	31.7	68.3	78.8	21.2
UK	28.0	72.0	61.2	38.8
Turkey	39.4	60.6	83.5	16.5

Fig.6With which substantive policy areas is your advice concerned? (%)

